# GCSE Mathematics <br> Specimen Papers and Mark Schemes 

For first teaching from September 2010
For first examination in Summer 2011
For first award in Summer 2012
Subject Code: 2210

## math

## Foreword

The awarding bodies have prepared new specifications to comply with revised GCSE criteria. The specimen examination papers accompanying new specifications are provided to give centres guidance on the structure and character of the planned examinations in advance of the first examination. It is intended that the specimen papers and mark schemes contained in this booklet will help teachers and students to understand, as fully as possible, the markers' expectations of candidates' responses to the types of questions set at GCSE level. These specimen papers and mark schemes should be used in conjunction with CCEA's GCSE Mathematics specification.

## GCSE Mathematics

## Specimen Papers and Mark Schemes

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| Subject Code | 2210 |
| :--- | ---: |
| QAN | $500 / 7925 / 6$ |
|  |  |
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## SPECIMEN PAPERS DIVIDER PAPER FRONT

## SPECIMEN PAPERS DIVIDER PAPER BACK



Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

## Mathematics

## Unit T1 <br> (With calculator) <br> Foundation Tier

[CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.
Answer all twenty five questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions 6 and 23. You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and a protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

Centre Number

| 71 |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Candidate Number
$\square$

| For Examiner's |
| :---: |
| use only |


| Question | Marks |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |


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| Total |
| :---: | :--- |
| Marks |$\quad \square$

## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


## Answer all questions

1 (a) Write $80 \%$ as a decimal

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Write 0.35 as a percentage

Answer $\qquad$ \%
(c) Write 48 million in figures

## Answer

(d) 5729 people attended a football match.

Write the number 5729 to
(i) the nearest 10

## Answer

(ii) the nearest 100

Answer

2 (a) Find the next 2 terms in the sequence and explain the rule you used:
$6,11,16,21$, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
Rule $\qquad$
(b) Find the next term in the sequence
$0.2,0.4,0.8,1.6$, $\qquad$

3 The diagram shows a tiled patio in the shape of a rectangle 3 by 16, covered with 48 square tiles.

Write down the length and width of 2 other possible rectangles which can be covered with 48 of these square tiles.


Answer $\qquad$ by
$\qquad$ by

4 Michael recorded the colours of cars in the school car park in a tally chart.

| Colour | Tally | Frequency |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Red | IIII | 4 |
| Blue | $\\|$ | 2 |
| Yellow | III |  |
| Black | \#\#t II |  |
| White | \#\# IIII |  |
| Silver | \#\# |  |
| Green | IIII |  |

(a) Complete the frequency column.
(b) On the grid opposite, draw a frequency diagram to show this information.

(c) What is the most popular colour of car in the car park?

> Answer
(d) Using the frequency table, write down the fraction of the total cars which are yellow.

> Answer

5 (a) (i) Shade the major segment in the circle below

(ii) PQ is called a $\qquad$ of the circle.
(b) (i) Shade the minor sector in the circle below.

(ii) OS is called a $\qquad$ of the circle.

6 The table below shows the percentage of pupils at a High School who obtained a grade C or better in GCSE Mathematics during the past five years.

| Year | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \% of pupils | 75 | 78 | 82 | 84 | 90 |

(a) Which year showed the smallest improvement?

Answer
(b) Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question

The school wants to show this information using a statistical diagram. Which type of diagram would you use?

Answer
Give a reason for your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

7 Here is a list of numbers
$\begin{array}{lllllll}25 & 27 & 32 & 35 & 8 & 21 & 9\end{array}$
(a) From the list write down those numbers which are
(i) multiples of 5

Answer
(ii) factors of 54

Answer
(b) From the list of numbers
(i) calculate the mean

Answer
(ii) find the median

Answer $\qquad$

8 In a mid season sale a clothing shop has $20 \%$ off all its items.
Clare bought a dress which originally cost $£ 50$ and a hat which originally cost $£ 25$
(a) How much did she save in the sale?

Answer $£$
(b) What was her total bill?

Answer $£$

9 Simplify
$5 p-2 r-3 p+5 r$

Answer

10 (a) Jo bought 6 roses at 67 p each. What change did she get from a $£ 5$ note?

## Answer $£$

(b) Five kilograms of potatoes and two kilograms of onions cost $£ 4.10$ in total. The potatoes cost 62p per kilogram.
How much would it cost in total to buy one kilogram of potatoes and one kilogram of onions?

Answer £

11 The brick shown below is in the form of a cuboid, measuring 6.4 metres by 3.2 metres by 2.6 metres.

Calculate the volume of the brick.


Answer

12 Calculate
(a) the square root of 1.44

Answer
(b) the cube of 2.8

Answer
(c) $2.3^{2}+\sqrt{1.69}$

Answer
(d) $\frac{3}{5}$ of 125

Answer $\qquad$
(e) $5.6^{2}-3.4$

Answer

13 The table below gives the maximum and minimum temperatures of six different cities in Europe in March.

| City | Minimum | Maximum |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Belfast | $2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Dublin | $-1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| London | $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $16^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Edinburgh | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $11^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Barcelona | $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $19^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Paris | $8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(a) Which minimum temperature was the lowest?

Answer $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(b) In two of these cities the temperatures had increased from minimum to maximum by $12^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Write down the names of these two cities.

Answer $\qquad$ and $\qquad$
(c) What is the difference in minimum temperature between Dublin and Paris?

Answer $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 14 Results of a Year 12 Physics test

| $\mathbf{9}$ | 2 | 5 | 7 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| 7 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |

Key 5 | 4 means $54 \%$
(a) How many pupils sat the Physics test?

Answer
(b) What is the modal percentage mark?

Answer $\qquad$ \%
(c) What is the range of percentage marks?
$\qquad$
Answer \%

15


The diagram shows the plan for a rectangular garden.
Calculate
(a) the area of the garden

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$
(b) the area of the plot for the trees

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$

A border needs to be dug around the perimeter of the garden.
(c) Calculate the perimeter of the garden.
$\qquad$ m

16 The diagram shows a pizza which has been divided into 8 equal parts.


The shaded parts are eaten.
(a) Write down, as a fraction in its lowest terms, the fraction that is eaten.

Answer
(b) What percentage is left uneaten?

Answer $\qquad$ \%

17 Which fractions from the list given below are not equivalent to $\frac{2}{3}$ ?

$$
\frac{8}{12}, \frac{10}{15}, \frac{16}{28}, \frac{4}{6}, \frac{12}{16}
$$

18 In a survey 300 men were asked which sport they liked best. The pie-chart below shows the results.

(a) Measure the angle which represents Basketball.
$\qquad$ $\circ$
(b) What fraction of men chose Rugby as their favourite sport?

Answer
(c) How many men chose Hurling as their favourite sport?

19 (a) Expand
$3(x+1)$

Answer
(b) Solve

$$
2 y+3=19
$$

Answer $\qquad$

20 In the diagram the point $P(-4,4)$ has been plotted.

(a) Plot the following points on the diagram, labelling clearly
$\mathrm{Q}(-2,-3), \mathrm{R}(5,-3)$ and $S(3,4)$
(b) Join up the points in order and name the quadrilateral formed.

21

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
Calculate
(a) $x$
$x=$ $\qquad$ $\circ$
(b) $y$

$$
y=
$$

$\qquad$ $\circ$

22 Draw the net of the matchbox tray (no lid) shown in the diagram, which has base 5 cm by 3 cm and height 2 cm , on the square grid provided.



23 Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question
Fred has just won $£ 900$.
He has promised $\frac{1}{5}$ of it to his daughter, Kathy and $\frac{1}{4}$ of it to his son, James.
How much will he have left after he gives Kathy and James their shares?
Show clearly each step of your working out.

Answer £


The positions of two towns A and B are shown on the grid.
(a) A third town C is 3 km east and 2 km north of A .

Using a scale of $1 \mathrm{~cm}=0.5 \mathrm{~km}$, show the position of C .
(b) How far is C from A ?

25 The following information shows how Sinead spends her time on a Saturday.

| Activity | Cleaning | Watching <br> TV | Shopping | Using <br> the <br> Internet | Exercising | Sleeping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number <br> of hours | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 8 |

Draw a pie chart to illustrate this data.


## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER



Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

## Mathematics

## Unit T2 <br> (With calculator) <br> Foundation Tier

[CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour 30 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all twenty three questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions 5 and 17.
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

Centre Number

| 71 |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Candidate Number
$\square$

For Examiner's use only

| Question <br> Number | Marks |
| :--- | :--- |


| Number |  |
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[^0]
## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


## Answer all questions

1 Five kilograms of potatoes and two kilograms of onions cost $£ 4.10$ in total. The potatoes cost 62 p per kilogram.

How much would it cost in total to buy one kilogram of potatoes and one kilogram of onions?

Answer $£$

2 (a) Simplify

$$
5 p-2 r-3 p+5 r
$$

(b) Expand

$$
-2(2 y-3)
$$

Answer
[2]
(a) the cube of 2.8

Answer
(b) $2.3^{2}+\sqrt{1.69}$

Answer
(c) $5.6^{2} \div 3.4$

## Results of a Year 12 Physics test

| 9 | 2 | 5 | 7 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| 7 | 2 | 5 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |

Key 5 | 4 means $54 \%$
(a) How many pupils sat the Physics test?

> Answer
$\qquad$
(b) What is the modal percentage mark?

> Answer_
$\qquad$ \%
(c) What is the range of percentage marks?

Answer $\qquad$ \%

## 5 Quality of written communication will be assessed in this question

Fred has just won $£ 900$
He has promised $\frac{1}{5}$ of it to his daughter Kathy, and $\frac{1}{4}$ of it to his son James.
How much will he have left after he gives Kathy and James their shares?
Show clearly each step of your working out.

6


The positions of two towns A and B are shown on the grid.
(a) A third town C is on a bearing of $120^{\circ}$ from B and at a distance of 2.5 km from B .

Using a scale of $1 \mathrm{~cm}=0.5 \mathrm{~km}$, show the position of C .
(b) How far is C from A ?
$\qquad$ km

7 The following information shows how Sinead spends her time on a Saturday.

| Activity | Cleaning | Watching <br> TV | Shopping | Using <br> the <br> Internet | Exercising | Sleeping |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number <br> of hours | 2 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 8 |

Draw a pie chart to illustrate this data.


8 Solve
(a) $\frac{x}{4}=15$

Answer $x=$
(b) $6 y-2=13$

9 Write down the next two numbers in the sequence
11, 10, 8, 5, $\qquad$ , $\qquad$

Answer $\qquad$ , $\qquad$

10 In the diagram the volume of the cuboid is $48 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. It holds exactly 48 sugar cubes each 1 cm by 1 cm by 1 cm .

The length of the cuboid is 4 cm and the breadth is 3 cm .

(a) What is the height of the cuboid?

Answer
(b) Write down the dimensions of another cuboid that the 48 cubes could fit into exactly.

Answer $\qquad$ cm by $\qquad$ cm by $\qquad$ cm

11 (a) Find the value of $\frac{3.8 \times 6.2}{9.1-2.7}$ giving your answer correct to 1 decimal place.
(b) A plasma TV has a marked price of $£ 790$

In a sale its price is reduced by $15 \%$
What is the sale price of the TV?

Answer £
(c) Mary's family drink 3 cartons of orange juice in 5 days.

How many cartons would Mary need to buy to last a full week?

Answer $\qquad$ cartons

12 Write down an expression for the total cost of $x$ bars of chocolate at 35 p each and $y$ bottles of water at 50 p each.

Answer
[2]

13 Draw the graph of $y=4 x-3$ on the grid below.


14

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
The quadrilateral shown has angles $x, 79^{\circ}, 3 x$, and $97^{\circ}$
Work out the value of $x$
$\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$

15 (a)

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
In the triangle ABC shown above $\mathrm{BC}=8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{AX}=6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Calculate the area of the triangle ABC .

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(b)

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
ABCDE is a regular pentagon, with O as its centre.
Calculate the size of angle AOB.
$\qquad$。

16 Find the area of a circle with a diameter of 3 metres.
Take $\pi=3.14$

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$

17 (a) The speeds, in miles per hour, of the cars passing the gates of a primary school during lunch hour are recorded in the table below.

| Speed (mph) | $0-5$ | $6-10$ | $11-15$ | $16-20$ | $21-25$ | $26-30$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of cars | 2 | 5 | 34 | 61 | 29 | 4 |

Represent this information using a bar chart.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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(b) Which is the modal class interval?

Answer
(c) Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question

Katy wants to know how many times a month, on average, the people in her town go to the cinema. She asks 200 people in her school.

Explain why Katy's sample may not be representative of the people in her town.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

18 (a) Write 72 as a product of prime factors

Answer
(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 72 and 108

Answer
(c) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 72 and 108

Answer

19 Susan puts $£ 1700$ in her bank account at $4.2 \%$ simple interest each year. Calculate the total amount in her bank account after 3 years.
(a) Expand and simplify
$4(2-3 x)+3(x+4)$

## Answer

$\qquad$
(b) Expand
$x\left(x^{2}-6\right)$

Answer $\qquad$
(c) Solve for $x$
$7 x+18=2(x-6)$

Answer $x=$
(a) A regular polygon has an exterior angle of $18^{\circ}$

Find the number of sides in the polygon.

Answer $\qquad$ [2]
(b) The diagram shows a play tent in the shape of a triangular prism.

Calculate the volume of the tent.


Answer
$\mathrm{cm}^{3}$
[6]

22 A teacher recorded the number of hours 50 students used the internet over a 7 day period. The information is shown in the table below.

| Number of Hours | Number of Students |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \leq \mathrm{h}<3$ | 2 |
| $3 \leq \mathrm{h}<6$ | 5 |
| $6 \leq \mathrm{h}<9$ | 11 |
| $9 \leq \mathrm{h}<12$ | 12 |
| $12 \leq \mathrm{h}<15$ | 15 |
| $15 \leq \mathrm{h}<20$ | 5 |

(a) Calculate an estimate for the mean number of hours.

## Answer

(b) Write down the class interval which contains the median number of hours.

Answer

23 An ice-cream van recorded the sales of ice-cream and the temperatures over a period of a year. The results are shown in the table below.

| Outside Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ | Ice-cream Sales (Hundred $£$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 6 |
| 12 | 9.5 |
| 18 | 16 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 10 | 11 |
| 15 | 13.5 |
| 17 | 14 |

(a) On the graph paper opposite, draw a scatter graph for the data.
(b) Describe any correlation from your graph.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Draw a line of best fit on the scatter graph.
(d) Explain what the line of best fit could be used for in this scatter graph.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER



Rewarding Learning


Candidate Number
$\square$

## Mathematics

## Unit T3 <br> (With calculator)

Higher Tier
[CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

2 hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all nineteen questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

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Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions 15 and 17.
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

For Examiner's use only

| Question <br> Number | Marks |
| :--- | :--- |


| 1 |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 |  |

3

| 4 |  |
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| 19 |  |


| Total <br> Marks |  |
| :--- | :--- |

## Higher Tier Formulae Sheet

Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


In any triangle $A B C$


Sine Rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine Rule: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$
Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$
where $a \neq 0$, are given by
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$ Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


## Answer all questions

1 (a) Find the value of $\frac{3.8 \times 6.2}{9.1-2.7}$, giving your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

## Answer

$\qquad$
(b) A plasma TV has a marked price of $£ 790$

In a sale its price is reduced by $15 \%$
What is the sale price of the TV?

Answer $£$ $\qquad$
(c) Mary's family drink 3 cartons of orange juice in 5 days.

How many cartons would Mary need to buy to last a full week?

Answer $\qquad$ cartons

2 Write down an expression for the total cost of $x$ bars of chocolate at 35p each and $y$ bottles of water at 50 p each.

Answer $\qquad$

3 Draw the graph of $y=4 x-3$ on the grid below.


4

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
The quadrilateral shown has angles of $x, 79^{\circ}, 3 x$ and $97^{\circ}$
Work out the value of $x$

$$
\text { Answer } x=
$$

5
(a)

(Diagram not drawn accurately)

In the triangle ABC shown above, $\mathrm{BC}=8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{AX}=6.4 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Calculate the area of the triangle ABC .
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(b)

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
ABCDE is a regular pentagon, with O as its centre.
Calculate the size of the angle AOB.

6 A line is measured as 3.21 metres to the nearest centimetre. What is the minimum and maximum length of the line?

Answer: minimum = $\qquad$ m
maximum $=$ $\qquad$ m


OPQ is a sector of the circle, centre O , with radius 9 cm .
Angle $\mathrm{POQ}=45^{\circ}$
(a) Work out the perimeter of the sector OPQ

## Answer

$\qquad$ cm
(b) Work out the area of the sector OPQ
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$

8 A teacher recorded the scores in a Mental Maths test for her year 10 class.
$19,46,27,35,11,13,22,34,18,26,32,44,34,16$
Construct a stem and leaf diagram to represent this information.

9 The speeds, in miles per hour, of the cars passing the gates of a primary school during lunch hour are recorded in the table below.

| Speed (mph) | $0-5$ | $6-10$ | $11-15$ | $16-20$ | $21-25$ | $26-30$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of cars | 2 | 5 | 34 | 61 | 29 | 4 |

(a) On the grid below, represent this information using a statistical diagram.

(b) Which is the modal class interval?

10 (a) Write 72 as a product of prime factors.

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Find the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 72 and 108

Answer $\qquad$
(c) Find the highest common factor (HCF) of 72 and 108

Answer $\qquad$

11 Susan puts $£ 1700$ in her bank account at $4.2 \%$ simple interest each year.
Calculate the total amount in her bank account after 3 years.

Answer $£$
(a) Expand and simplify

$$
4(2-3 x)+3(x+4)
$$

$\qquad$
(b) Expand

$$
x\left(x^{2}-6\right)
$$

$\qquad$
(c) Solve for $x$
$7 x+18=2(x-6)$

13 (a) A regular polygon has an exterior angle of $18^{\circ}$
Find the number of sides in the polygon.

Answer
(b) The diagram shows a play tent in the shape of a triangular prism.

Calculate the volume of the tent.
Show all your working.


Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

14 A teacher recorded the number of hours 50 students used the Internet over a 7 day period. The information is recorded in the table below.

| Number of Hours | Number of Students |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \leq \mathrm{h}<3$ | 2 |
| $3 \leq \mathrm{h}<6$ | 5 |
| $6 \leq \mathrm{h}<9$ | 11 |
| $9 \leq \mathrm{h}<12$ | 12 |
| $12 \leq \mathrm{h}<15$ | 15 |
| $15 \leq \mathrm{h}<20$ | 5 |

(a) Calculate an estimate for the mean number of hours.

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Write down the class interval which contains the median number of hours.

Answer $\qquad$

15 An ice-cream van recorded the sales of ice-cream and the temperatures over a period of a year. The results are shown in the table below.

| Outside Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ ) | Ice-cream Sales (Hundred $£$ ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 6 |
| 12 | 9.5 |
| 18 | 16 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 10 | 11 |
| 15 | 13.5 |
| 17 | 14 |

(a) On the graph paper opposite, draw a scatter graph for the data.
(b) Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

Describe any correlation from the graph.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c) Draw a line of best fit on the scatter graph.


16 (a) Jenny bought a new car for $£ 12,500$ Three years later she sold it for $£ 7,600$

Calculate the percentage loss in value.

Answer $\qquad$ \%
(b) Each time a ball is dropped it rebounds to $\frac{3}{5}$ of its height.

A ball is dropped from a height of 3 metres.
How many times will it bounce before rebounding to a height of less than 0.5 metre?

Answer $\qquad$ times
(c) A coat is priced at $£ 117$ in a sale.

This represents a saving of $35 \%$ on its original price.
What was the original price of the coat?
(a) (i) Factorise

$$
x^{2}+x-12
$$

Answer $\qquad$
(ii) Hence solve

$$
x^{2}+x-12=0
$$

Answer $\qquad$

Quality of written communication will be assessed in parts (b) and (c)
(b) Solve
$\frac{x+3}{4}-\frac{2 x-1}{3}=\frac{1}{4}$
Show clearly each step of your working out.

Answer $\qquad$
(c) Solve the simultaneous equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 y-5 x=18 \\
& 3 y+2 x=-11
\end{aligned}
$$

Show clearly each step of your working out.

Answer $x=$ $\qquad$ $y=$ [5]

18 (a) The diagram shows a ladder, AC, leaning against the wall of a house.


In the triangle ABC , angle $\mathrm{ABC}=90^{\circ}$, angle $\mathrm{CAB}=53^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{CB}=85 \mathrm{~cm}$.
How high up the wall does the ladder reach?

Answer $\mathrm{AB}=$ $\qquad$ cm
(b)

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
In the diagram above TQ is parallel to SR . Triangles PQT and PRS are similar. $\mathrm{PT}=3.1 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{TS}=4.4 \mathrm{~cm} . \mathrm{RS}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$

Find the length of QT, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures.
$\qquad$ cm

19 In a survey, 200 people under the age of 25 were asked how many hours of sleep they had during the past week. The results of the survey are shown in the table below.

| Hours of <br> sleep (h) | $\mathrm{h} \leq 35$ | $35<\mathrm{h} \leq 40$ | $40<\mathrm{h} \leq 45$ | $45<\mathrm{h} \leq 50$ | $50<\mathrm{h} \leq 55$ | $55<\mathrm{h} \leq 60$ | $60<\mathrm{h} \leq 65$ | $65<\mathrm{h} \leq 70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 0 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 69 | 64 | 29 | 5 |
| Cumulative <br> Frequency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Use the data to complete the cumulative frequency table and then draw the cumulative frequency graph on the grid below.

(b) Use your graph to find
(i) the median
Answer $\qquad$ hours[1]
(ii) the interquartile range

Answer $\qquad$ hours

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER



Rewarding Learning


Candidate Number
 2011

## Mathematics

## Unit T4 <br> (With calculator)

Higher Tier
[CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

2 hours

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all nineteen questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 100 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in question 2.
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

For Examiner's use only

| Question <br> Number | Marks |
| :--- | :--- |


| 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 |  |


| 3 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 |  |


| 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |


| 7 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 8 |  |
| 9 |  |


| 10 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11 |  |
| 12 |  |
| 13 |  |
| 14 |  |
| 15 |  |
| 16 |  |
| 17 |  |
| 18 |  |
| 19 |  |


| Total |
| :---: | :--- |
| Marks |$\quad \square$

## Higher Tier Formulae Sheet

Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


In any triangle $A B C$


Sine Rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$

Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}
$$

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$ Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


Answer all questions
1
(a) Each time a ball is dropped it rebounds to $\frac{3}{5}$ of its height.

A ball is dropped from a height of 3 metres.
How many times will it bounce before rebounding to a height of less than 0.5 metre?

Answer $\qquad$ times
(b) A coat is priced at $£ 117$ in a sale. This represents a saving of $35 \%$ on its original price.

What was the original price of the coat?

Answer £

2 (a) (i) Factorise $x^{2}+x-12$

Answer
(ii) Hence solve $x^{2}+x-12=0$

Answer $x=$
Quality of written communication will be assessed in parts (b) and (c).
(b) Solve
$\frac{x+3}{4}-\frac{2 x-1}{3}=\frac{1}{4}$
Show clearly each step of your working out.
$\qquad$
(c) Solve the equations

$$
\text { and } \quad \begin{aligned}
& 2 y-5 x=18 \\
& 3 y+2 x=-11
\end{aligned}
$$

Show clearly each step of your working out.

Answer $x=$ $\qquad$ $y=$ $\qquad$

3 The diagram shows a ladder, AC, leaning against the wall of a house.

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
In the triangle ABC , angle $\mathrm{ABC}=90^{\circ}$, angle $\mathrm{CAB}=53^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{CB}=8.5 \mathrm{~cm}$.
How high up the wall does the ladder reach?

Answer $\mathrm{AB}=$ $\qquad$ cm

4

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
In the diagram above, QL is parallel to PN. The triangles LMQ and MNP are similar.
$\mathrm{QL}=2.5 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{PN}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{LP}=10.2 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Find the lengths of LM and MP.

Answer LM = $\qquad$ cm
$\mathrm{MP}=$ $\qquad$ cm

5

$A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral in the circle with centre $O$.
Prove that the opposite angles in a cyclic quadrilateral add up to $180^{\circ}$

6 In a survey, 200 people under the age of 25 were asked how many hours of sleep they had during the past week. The results of the survey are shown in the table below.

| Hours of <br> sleep (h) | $\mathrm{h} \leq 35$ | $35<\mathrm{h} \leq 40$ | $40<\mathrm{h} \leq 45$ | $45<\mathrm{h} \leq 50$ | $50<\mathrm{h} \leq 55$ | $55<\mathrm{h} \leq 60$ | $60<\mathrm{h} \leq 65$ | $65<\mathrm{h} \leq 70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 0 | 7 | 10 | 16 | 69 | 64 | 29 | 5 |
| Cumulative <br> Frequency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Use the data in the table to construct a cumulative table and then draw the cumulative frequency graph on the grid opposite.

(b) Use your graph to estimate:
(i) the median

Answer $\qquad$
(ii) the interquartile range

Answer
(c) A similar survey of people over the age of 55 found that they had a median of 55 hours of sleep and an interquartile range of 11 hours.

Use this information to comment on the sleeping habits of people aged over 55 compared with those of people aged under 25 .
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

7 The box and whisker diagrams below show the distributions of the lengths of fish found in two rivers in Co. Tyrone.

River A


River B


| $\llcorner$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 30 |

(a) In which river are the lengths of the fish on average longer?

Explain your answer.

Answer Reason
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) In which river are the lengths of the fish more variable?

Explain your answer.

Answer $\qquad$ Reason
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

8 Find the exact value of:
(a) $64^{\frac{3}{2}} \times 9^{-1}$

## Answer

(b) $\frac{3^{-3}}{5^{0} \times 16^{0.25}}$

Answer $\qquad$
(c) $216^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
$9 \quad$ (a) Expand and simplify

$$
(2 x+y)(3 x-2 y)
$$

Answer
(b) Simplify

$$
\frac{x^{2}-9}{2 x^{2}+5 x-3}
$$

Answer

10 The equation of the straight line which passes through the point $(0,-1)$ and which is perpendicular to the line $y=4 x+3$ can be written in the form $\mathrm{ax}+\mathrm{by}+\mathrm{c}=0$, where a , b and c are all integers.

Find the values of $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c .

Answer $\mathrm{a}=$ $\qquad$ b $=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{c}=$ $\qquad$

$$
2 x-5
$$


(Diagram not drawn to scale)
In the shape above, all the corners are right angles and all measurements are in cm . The total area of the shape is $35 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$.
(a) Show that $8 x^{2}-13 x-35=0$
(b) Solve $8 x^{2}-13 x-35=0$, giving your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

12 The diagram shows a triangular building plot.

(Diagram not drawn to scale)

In the triangle $\mathrm{AB}=90 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{AC}=70 \mathrm{~m}$ and angle $\mathrm{BAC}=60^{\circ}$
(a) Calculate the length of BC.
$\qquad$ m
(b) Calculate the area of triangle ABC.
$\qquad$

13

(Diagram not drawn to scale)
The open box above is a cuboid with dimensions 8.5 m by 6.7 m by 4.3 m .
(a) Calculate the length AG.

Answer $\qquad$ m
(b) Calculate the angle between AG and the base EFGH.

Answer $\qquad$ -

14 Which of these three equations has a rational solution?
A: $0.4 x^{2}=4$
B: $4-x^{2}=1$
C: $\frac{2}{3} x^{3}=18$

Explain your answer
Answer $\qquad$ Reason
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

15 (a) Factorise fully

$$
12 a x^{2}+14 a x y-6 a y^{2}
$$

Answer
(b) Given that $x^{2}-14 x+\mathrm{p} \equiv(x+\mathrm{q})^{2}$, find the values of $p$ and $q$.

Answer $\mathrm{p}=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{q}=$ $\qquad$

16 Solve $\frac{2 x}{x-2}-\frac{4}{x+1}=5$
A solution by trial and improvement will not be accepted.
Show clearly each step of your working out.


The diagram represents the position of two ships, S and T , one hour after leaving a port $P$.
S travelled on a bearing of $130^{\circ}$ and is 50 km from P .
T travelled on a bearing of $153^{\circ}$ and is 20 km from S .
(a) What is the bearing of $S$ from $T$ ?
$\qquad$ -
(b) Calculate how far T is from P .
$\qquad$ km

18 A police radar checked the speeds of cars travelling along a section of a dual-carriageway.
The results for 100 cars are shown in the table below.

| Speed, S (mph) | $30 \leq \mathrm{S}<45$ | $45 \leq \mathrm{S}<60$ | $60 \leq \mathrm{S}<70$ | $70 \leq \mathrm{S}<80$ | $80 \leq \mathrm{S}<100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 9 | 12 | 18 | 37 | 24 |

(a) Draw a histogram on the grid below to show this information.

(b) The speed limit on this part of the dual-carriageway is 88 mph .

Estimate the number of cars that were over the speed limit.

Answer $\qquad$ cars
(c) Estimate the median speed of the 100 cars.

Answer $\qquad$ mph

19 The table below shows information about the 800 pupils at a High School.

| Year Group | No. of Boys | No. of Girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 110 | 88 |
| 9 | 95 | 84 |
| 10 | 80 | 76 |
| 11 | 73 | 75 |
| 12 | 64 | 55 |

The editor of the school magazine wishes to carry out a survey of pupils' views about the school canteen.
He is going to do this by taking a sample of 50 pupils to answer the survey.
(a) One option is to go to the school library and select 50 pupils at random from there.

Explain why this might not produce a fair sample.
Answer
$\qquad$

If the sample is to be fair, the editor decides that a stratified sample would be best.
(b) Work out the number of boys who should be in the stratified sample.

Answer $\qquad$ boys
(c) How many year 8 girls should be in the stratified sample?

Answer $\qquad$ year 8 girls
(d) The editor says that, according to the data in the table, there should be exactly twice as many year 8 boys in the stratified sample as year 12 girls.

Is the editor correct?
You must show working to justify your answer.

Answer $\qquad$ because $\qquad$

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012

## Mathematics

Unit T5 Paper 1
(non calculator)

## Foundation Tier

## [CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all twelve questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You must not use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 50 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions 8 and $\mathbf{1 0}$. You should have a ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.


Candidate Number
$\square$

## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


Answer all questions
1 (a) 5386 people attended a concert
Write
(i) 5386 correct to the nearest 10

Answer $\qquad$
(ii) 5386 correct to the nearest 100

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Estimate
(i) $96 \times 7.3$

Answer $\qquad$
(ii) $810 \div 4.1$

Answer $\qquad$
(iii) $\sqrt{90}$

Answer

2 Draw the reflection of the shape below in the mirror line.


3 A book costs $£ 3.99$
How many of these books could I buy with $£ 30$ ?

Answer $\qquad$

4 Draw a line of symmetry on each of the following shapes.


5 Calculate
(a) $5+3 \times 9$

Answer $\qquad$
(b) $18-6 \div 2$

Answer $\qquad$
$6 \quad \mathrm{R}=2 \mathrm{~S}+3 \mathrm{~T}$
Find R when $\mathrm{S}=11$ and $\mathrm{T}=5$
Answer $\qquad$

7 A letter is selected at random from the word
EXAMINATION
Write down the probability that the letter selected is
(a) the letter A

Answer $\qquad$
(b) a vowel

Answer $\qquad$
(c) not in the word EXAM

Answer $\qquad$

## 8 Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

Give four properties of a square.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

9 Laura has a box of sweets which contain nut sweets and toffee sweets.
The ratio of nut sweets to toffee sweets is $3: 4$
(a) There are 12 nut sweets in the box.

How many toffee sweets are there?

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Laura eats 2 nut sweets.

What fraction of the remaining sweets are nuts?

Answer $\qquad$

10 (a) A survey of 1000 people found that the probability of being left-handed is 0.15

What is the probability of being right-handed?

> Answer
(b) The table below shows the results of a survey taken in a class of Year 12 pupils.

|  | Boys | Girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Left-handed | 2 | 1 |
| Right-handed | 13 | 12 |

A pupil is chosen at random from the class.
What is the probability that the pupil is left-handed?

Answer
(c) Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

Which of the two surveys, in (a) or (b), is likely to be the more accurate?
Give a reason for your answer.
Answer $\qquad$ Reason $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

11 (a) Write down the reciprocal of 4

Answer $\qquad$
(b) Work out

$$
(12) \div(-4)
$$

Answer
(c) David said, "When you subtract any number from an even number you always get an even number." His teacher replied. "That's not correct, David."

Give an example to show why David's statement was incorrect.
Answer $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(d) Write down the two numbers which are the square roots of 49

## Answer

(e) Write down the meaning of $0 . \dot{5} \overline{7}$

Answer

12

(a) Draw the image of the shape A after a reflection in the line $x=2$ Label it B.
(b) Draw the image of the shape A after a translation $\binom{-7}{-3}$ and label it C.
(c) Describe fully the single transformation which maps the shape A onto the shape D.

Answer

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012

## Mathematics

Unit T5 Paper 2
(With calculator)
Foundation Tier

## [CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all twelve questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 50 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

Centre Number

| 71 |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Candidate Number
$\square$

## Foundation Tier Formulae Sheet

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


## Answer all questions

1

(a) The speedometer above indicates the speed in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{h}$.

At what speed is the vehicle travelling?
Answer $\qquad$ km/hr
(b) On the speedometer above draw an arrow to show a speed of $138 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$.
(c) Write down the temperature shown on the garden thermometer below.


Answer $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

2 Trudy buys a length of ribbon to make 24 badges each 5.6 cm long.
What length of ribbon should she buy?

Answer $\qquad$ cm

3 Gavin is a plumber. When called out to a job, he calculates the cost for the job using the formula:

$$
\text { Cost }=£ 25+\text { rate per hour } \times \text { number of hours }
$$

(a) If Gavin works for 3 hours and charges $£ 18$ per hour, what will the total cost be?

## Answer $£$

$\qquad$
(b) Gavin charges $£ 20$ per hour and costs a job at $£ 165$

How long does he expect it will take him?

Answer $\qquad$ hrs
(c) What is his callout fee?

4 This diagram shows a square based pyramid.

(a) How many edges does the pyramid have?

Answer
(b) How many faces does the pyramid have?

Answer $\qquad$
(c) How many congruent faces does the pyramid have?

5

| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | -5 | 0 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | 23 | 32 | 41 | 50 | 59 | 68 | 77 | 86 | 95 | 104 |

(a) Use the values in the table above to draw the conversion graph from ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

(b) Use the graph to convert $45^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Answer $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad[1]$
(c) Use the graph to convert $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
$\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

6 (a) Ciaran's soup recipe requires 2 litres of stock. His measuring jug is marked in pints.

Would 3 pints be enough?
Explain your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b) Amanda's new baby weighs 4 kilograms. Granny wants to know the weight in pounds.

What is the baby's approximate weight in pounds?

Answer $\qquad$ pounds
(c) Paul cycled 20 miles to his friend's house.

Approximately how many kilometres is this?

Answer $\qquad$ km
(d) Paul left home at 11.40 and arrived at his friend's house at 13.35

Work out the time taken for his journey?

Answer

7


A fair dice, marked $1,2,3,4,5,6$ is thrown.
Choose the letter on the probability scale which best matches
(a) the probability of a score of 3

Answer $\qquad$
(b) the probability of a score of less than 3

Answer $\qquad$
(c) the probability of a score of less than 8

Answer

The spinner below is a regular octagon.
It can land on any name.

(a) Which name is the spinner most likely to land on?

Answer $\qquad$

The spinner is spun 400 times.
(b) How many times would you expect the spinner to land on Ruth or Tom?

Answer $\qquad$

9 (a) The exchange rate is $£ 1=€ 1.12$
Kate pays $€ 14.50$ for a meal
How much does this cost in pounds?

Answer £
(b) Jason invests $£ 3500$ in an Individual Savings Account (ISA) for 3 years at $6 \%$ p.a.

How much simple interest does he earn?

Answer
(c) The diagram shows a piece of glass needed to repair a stained glass window.

Calculate the area of the glass.


Give your answer to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$

10

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
ABDE is a rectangle and BCD is a right-angled triangle.
Calculate
(a) the perimeter of ABCDE

Answer $\qquad$ cm
(b) the area of ABCDE

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$

11 Simplify
(a) $a^{4} \times a^{3}$

Answer $\qquad$
(b) $\frac{b^{2}}{b^{5}}$

Answer $\qquad$

12 Solve the inequality, $-4<3 n+1 \leq 10$, where n is an integer.

Answer $\qquad$ [3]

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012

## Mathematics

Unit T6 Paper 1
(Non Calculator)
Higher Tier

## [CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour 15 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all fifteen questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You must not use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 50 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
You should have a ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

Centre Number


Candidate Number
$\square$

## Higher Tier Formulae Sheet

Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


In any triangle $A B C$


Sine Rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine Rule: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$

Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$ where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}
$$

Area of trapezium $=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h$


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$
Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


## Answer all questions

1 Laura has a box of sweets which contain nut sweets and toffee sweets.
The ratio of nut sweets to toffee sweets is $3: 4$
There are 12 nut sweets in the box.
How many toffee sweets are there?

Answer $\qquad$

2 The probability that Barry uses his mobile phone is shown below.

| Reason | Photographs | Texting | Phone Calls | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Probability | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{2}{5}$ |  | $\frac{3}{10}$ |

What is the probability that Barry uses his mobile phone for phone calls?

Answer $\qquad$

3 (a) Solve - $6 \leq 4 n<20$ for integer values of $n$

## Answer

(b) Illustrate the solution on the number line below.


4 (a) The instructions for cooking frozen salmon in an oven were:
'Cook at $400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ for 30 minutes.'
The formula to change ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is:

$$
\mathrm{C}=(\mathrm{F}-32) \times \frac{5}{9}
$$

Change $400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, giving your answer to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Answer $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(b) Rearrange $\mathrm{T}-14=10-\mathrm{R}$ to make R the subject.

5 (a) The table below shows the results of Survey 1 taken in a class of Year 12 pupils.

|  | Boys | Girls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Left-handed | 2 | 1 |
| Right-handed | 13 | 12 |

A pupil is chosen at random from the class.
What is the probability that the pupil is left-handed?

Answer
(b) Survey 2 was taken from a group of 1000 people.

Which of the two surveys is likely to be the more accurate?

Answer Survey
Give a reason for your answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6

(a) Draw the image of the shape A after a reflection in the line $x=2$. Label it B.
(b) Describe fully the single transformation which maps
the shape A onto the shape D .
Answer
$\qquad$
$7 \quad$ Simplify
(a) $\frac{a^{4} \times a}{a^{8}}$

Answer $\qquad$
(b) $\left(b^{4}\right)^{3}$

Answer $\qquad$

8 Given that $45 \times 132=5940$ work out:
(a) $4.5 \times 132000$

## Answer

$\qquad$

## [1]

(b) $\frac{594000}{13.2}$

Answer $\qquad$

9 The perimeters of the rectangle and square below are equal.


Find an expression for $y$ in terms of $x$.


Match each of these statements to one of the graphs.

STATEMENT 1 ' $y$ varies as the square of $x$ '
STATEMENT 2 ' $y$ varies as the reciprocal of $x$ '

Answer 1: Graph $\qquad$ [1]

Answer 2: Graph $\qquad$

11 (a) Enlarge the triangle on the grid by scale factor $-1 / 2$ and centre C .

(b)


Two cones are similar. The radius of Q is twice the radius of P .
The volume of P is $60 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
What is the volume of Q ?
$\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$

Catherine travels to work by train on two days.
The probability that the train is late on any day is 0.3
(a) Complete the tree diagram to show the probabilities of the possible outcomes for the two days.

(b) What is the probability that the train will be late on at least one of the two days?

13 (a) Express the recurring decimal $0.27272727 \ldots$ as a fraction.
Write your answer in its simplest form.

## Answer

$\qquad$
(b) Evaluate $64^{\frac{2}{3}}$

## Answer

14 Write $(5-\sqrt{3})^{2}$ in the form $a+b \sqrt{3}$

## Answer

15 Part of the graph of $y=x^{3}-2 x+2$ is shown below


Draw an appropriate straight line on the graph above and use it to solve the equation $x^{3}-4 x-1=0$
$\qquad$

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education
2012

## Mathematics

Unit T6 Paper 2
(With calculator)
Higher Tier

## [CODE]

## SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPER

## TIME

1 hour 15 minutes

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in the question paper.
Answer all eleven questions.
Any working should be clearly shown in the spaces provided since marks may be awarded for partially correct solutions.
You may use a calculator for this paper.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 50 .
Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.
Functional Elements will be assessed in this paper.
Quality of written communication will be assessed in questions $\mathbf{9}$ and $\mathbf{1 0}$.
You should have a calculator, ruler, compasses and protractor.
The formula sheet is overleaf.

| For Examiner's <br> use only |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Question <br> Number | Marks |
| 1 |  |
| 2 |  |
| 3 |  |
| 4 |  |
| 5 |  |
| 6 |  |
| 7 |  |
| 8 |  |
| 9 |  |
| 10 |  |
| 11 |  |
|  |  |
| Total <br> Marks |  |

## Higher Tier Formulae Sheet

Volume of prism $=$ area of cross section $\times$ length


In any triangle $A B C$


Sine Rule: $\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine Rule: $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos A$
Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$

## Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$
where $a \neq 0$, are given by
$x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\left(b^{2}-4 a c\right)}}{2 a}$

$$
\text { Area of trapezium }=\frac{1}{2}(a+b) h
$$



Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$ Curved surface area of cone $=\pi r l$


Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$
Surface area of sphere $=4 \pi r^{2}$


## Answer all questions

1250 grams of a breakfast cereal contains 105 grams of sugar.
What percentage of this cereal is sugar?

Answer $\qquad$ \%

2 (a) Expand
$5(2 y-3)$

Answer
(b) Factorise
$x^{2}+3 x$

Answer
(c) Emma downloads $n$ CDs, each taking 5 minutes.

She then downloads 8 DVDs, each taking $n$ minutes
Find the total time she takes.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

Answer

3


ABDE is a rectangle and BCD is a right-angled triangle.
Calculate
(a) the perimeter of ABCDE

Answer $\qquad$ cm
(b) the area of ABCDE

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$

4 Philip is in charge of the local youth football team. He has a budget of $£ 300$ available to spend on transport and football tops. The transport costs $£ 84$
Each football top costs $£ 27.80$
He buys $n$ sports tops.
(a) Form an inequality in $n$

Answer
(b) Solve your inequality to find the greatest number of football tops he can buy.
$\qquad$ football tops

5

(Diagram not drawn accurately)
The running track shown is formed by two opposite sides of a rectangle and a semicircle at each end. The rectangle measures 100 m by 70 m

Calculate
(a) the perimeter of the running track.

Answer $\qquad$ m
(b) the total area enclosed by the running track.
$\qquad$ $m^{2}$

6 The line AB below is 6 cm long.
Shade the locus of all points that are:
less than or equal to 4 cm from $A$ and closer to $B$ than $A$

A $\longrightarrow$ B

7 The area of the earth covered by sea is approximately $362000000 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$
(a) Write 362000000 in standard form.

Answer $\qquad$

The surface area of the Earth can be found using the formula $\mathrm{A}=4 \pi r^{2}$
Where $\mathrm{r}=$ radius of the Earth $=6.28 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~km}$
(b) Calculate the surface area of the Earth.

Give your answer in standard form in terms of $\pi$, to 3 significant figures.

Answer $\qquad$ $\mathrm{km}^{2}$
(c) Calculate the percentage of the Earth's surface which is covered by sea.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

Answer $\qquad$

8 A formula to find the variable $G$ is $G=a \mathrm{H}-b$
A formula to find the variable $a$ is $a=v(\mathrm{H}+1)$
Find a formula to find $v$ in terms of $a, b$ and $G$

9 The table below shows information about the shoe sizes of 25 pupils in a class.

| Shoe size | Number of pupils |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 6 |
| 8 | 7 |
| 9 | 12 |

(a) Two pupils are chosen at random.

What is the probability that they both have the same shoe size?

Answer
(b) Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.

Exactly 3 of these 25 pupils wear glasses.
Conor says: If you choose one of the 25 pupils at random, the probability that
this pupil will have either a shoe size of 7 or wears glasses is $\frac{6}{26}+\frac{3}{26}=\frac{9}{26}$
Is Conor correct?

Answer $\qquad$
Explain your answer
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Rosalyn wants to test the following hypothesis:
"The local leisure centre is mainly used by women aged 30-39."
Rosalyn uses the following data capture form to collect her data.

| Do you use the local leisure centre? | Yes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

How often do you use the leisure centre?
$\square$

What do you use the leisure centre for?
Swimming $\square \quad$ Yoga $\square \quad$ Step Class $\square \quad$ Aerobics $\square$

Discuss whether Rosalyn's data capture form is appropriate or not and suggest your own changes.

Your quality of written communication will be assessed in this question.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

11 Work out an expression for the volume of the frustrum of the cone shown below. Give your answer in terms of $\pi$, $r$ and $h$.


Answer $\qquad$

## THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

## MARK SCHEMES DIVIDER PAPER FRONT

## MARK SCHEMES DIVIDER PAPER BACK

Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education

## Mathematics

## GENERAL MARKING INSTRUCTIONS

## GCSE MATHEMATICS

## Introduction

The mark scheme normally provides the most popular solution to each question. Other solutions given by candidates are evaluated and credit given as appropriate; these alternative methods are not usually illustrated in the published mark scheme.

The marks awarded for each question are shown in the right hand column and they are prefixed by the letters $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{A}$ and MA as appropriate. The key to the mark scheme is given below:

M indicates marks for correct method.
A indicates marks for accurate working, whether in calculation, readings from tables, graphs or answers.

MA indicates marks for combined method and accurate working.
The solution to a question gains marks for correct method and marks for an accurate working based on this method. Where the method is not correct no marks can be given.

A later part of a question may require a candidate to use an answer obtained from an earlier part of the same question. A candidate who gets the wrong answer to the earlier part and goes on to the later part is naturally unaware that the wrong data is being used and is actually undertaking the solution of a parallel problem from the point at which the error occurred. If such a candidate continues to apply correct method, then the candidate's individual working must be followed through from the error. If no further errors are made, then the candidate is penalised only for the initial error. Solutions containing two or more working or transcription errors are treated in the same way. This process is usually referred to as "follow-through marking" and allows a candidate to gain credit for that part of a solution which follows a working or transcription error.

It should be noted that where an error trivialises a question, or changes the nature of the skills being tested, then as a general rule, it would be the case that not more than half the marks for that question or part of that question would be awarded; in some cases the error may be such that no marks would be awarded.

## Positive marking:

It is our intention to reward candidates for any demonstration of relevant knowledge, skills or understanding. For this reason we adopt a policy of following through their answers, that is, having penalised a candidate for an error, we mark the succeeding parts of the question using the candidate's value or answers and award marks accordingly.

Some common examples of this occur in the following cases:
(a) a numerical error in one entry in a table of values might lead to several answers being incorrect, but these might not be essentially separate errors;
(b) readings taken from candidates' inaccurate graphs may not agree with the answers expected but might be consistent with the graphs drawn.

When the candidate misreads a question in such a way as to make the question easier only a proportion of the marks will be available (based on the professional judgement of the examiner).

Rewarding Learning

# General Certificate of Secondary Education 

2011

## Mathematics

## Unit T1

Foundation Tier
[CODE]

## SPECIMEN

## MARK <br> SCHEME

(a) 0.8
(b) $35 \%$ A1
(c) $48,000,000$
(d) (i) 5730 A1
(ii) 5700
A1 5
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { (a) } 26,31 & \mathrm{~A} 1, \mathrm{~A} 1 \\ \text { Add on } 5 \text { each time } & \mathrm{A} 1\end{array}$
(b) 3.2
A1 4
3 Any 2 answers from the following combinations
A1, A1 2
$48 \times 1$
$24 \times 2$
$12 \times 4$
$8 \times 6$

4
(a) Frequencies: 3, 7, 9, 5, 4

A1
(b) Scales, bars
(Allow A1 for 4 correct) A1, A2
(c) White

A1
(d) $3 / 34$

A1 6

5 (a) (i) Correct shading
(ii) Chord A1
(b) (i) Correct shading A1
(ii) Radius A1 4
(a) 2007
(b) Line graph or bar chart A1

Shows improvement between each year A2 (QWC) Correct response
(a) (i) 25,35
(ii) 9, 27
(b) (i) $\frac{157}{7}=22.4$

M1, A1
(ii) 25

M1, A1 6

8 (a) $75 \times 20 / 100$ MA1
£15.00
(b) $£ 60.00$

MA1 3
$9 \quad 2 p+3 r$

$$
\mathrm{A} 1, \mathrm{~A} 1 \quad 2
$$

10 (a) $6 \times 67=402$
MA1,
$500-402=98$
A1
£0.98
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (b) } & 5 \mathrm{~kg} \text { of potatoes cost } £ 3.10 \\ 2 \mathrm{~kg} \text { of onions cost } £ 4.10-£ 3.10=£ 1.00 & \text { MA1 } \\ 1 \mathrm{~kg} \text { of onions cost } £ 0.50 & \text { MA1 } \\ & \text { MA1 }\end{array}$
Total $=£ 0.62+£ 0.50=£ 1.12$ MA1 6
$11 \quad 6.4 \times 3.2 \times 2.6$
MA1
A1
$=53.248$
$53.248 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$

12 (a) 1.2
(b) 21.952
(c) 6.59
(d) 75

M1, A1
(e) 27.96

13 (a) $-1^{\circ}$
(b) London and Paris
(c) $9^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

A1 4

14 (a) 20
A1
(b) $79 \%$

A1
(c) $51 \%$

A1 3

15 (a) $20 \times 16.5=330$
M1, A1
(b) $\frac{8 \times 10}{2}=40$
(c) $2(20+16.5)=73$

M1, A1 6

16 (a) $\frac{6}{8}=\frac{3}{4}$
(b) $25 \%$

A1 3
$17 \quad \frac{16}{28}, \frac{12}{16}$

18 (a) $54^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$
(b) $\frac{1}{4}$
(c) $\frac{72}{360} \times 300=60$

19 (a) $3 x+3$
(b) $2 y=16$

M1, A1 4

20 (a) Points plotted correctly
A1, A1, A1
(b) Parallelogram

A1 4

21 (a) $x=102^{\circ}$
(b) $y=143^{\circ}$

## A1

A1 2

22


23

| $1 / 5$ of $£ 900=£ 180$ | MA1 |
| :--- | ---: |
| $1 / 4$ of $£ 900=£ 225$ | MA1 |
| $£ 180+£ 225=£ 405$ | MA1 |
| $£ 900-£ 405=£ 495$ | MA1 |
|  | (QWC) |

$1 / 4$ of $£ 900=£ 225$

(a) Correct position of C

MA2
(b) Distance approximately 7.2 cm

Actual distance approximately 3.6 km

Rewarding Learning
General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

## Mathematics

Unit T2<br>Foundation Tier<br>[CODE]<br>SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

$1 \quad 5 \mathrm{~kg}$ of potatoes cost $£ 3.10$ ..... MA1
2 kg of onions cost $£ 4.10-£ 3.10=£ 1.00$ ..... MA1
1 kg of onions cost $£ 0.50$ ..... MA1
Total $=£ 0.62+£ 0.50=£ 1.12$ ..... MA14
2 (a) $2 p+3 r$ A1, A1
(b) $-4 y+6$
A1, A1 4
$3 \quad$ (a) 21.952
(b) 6.59
(c) 9.22 (Allow 9.2, 9.2235, 9.224)
A2 4
$4 \quad$ (a) 20 A1
(b) $79 \%$ A1
(c) $51 \%$
$5 \quad 1 / 5$ of $£ 900=£ 180$
$1 / 4$ of $£ 900=£ 225$

$$
£ 180+£ 225=£ 405
$$

MA1

$$
£ 900-£ 405=£ 495
$$

MA1


Line from B at correct bearing $120 \pm 2^{\circ}$
C shown on line, 5 cm from B
Line measured from $A$ to $C=8.7 \mathrm{~cm}$
$4.35 \mathrm{~km} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~km}$
(Allow FT from first part)

7 Angles $30^{\circ}, 75^{\circ}, 60^{\circ}, 45^{\circ}, 30^{\circ}, 120^{\circ}$ M1

Sector, labels A2, A1

8 (a) $x=60$
A1
(b) $6 y=15$
$y=2.5$
$9 \quad 1,-4$
(a) $48 \div(4 \times 3)$
$=4$
cm
(b) $4 \times 6 \times 2$
$8 \times 3 \times 2$
$48 \times 1 \times 1$
$24 \times 2 \times 1$ or any other suitable combination
11 (a) 3.68125 ..... A13.7A1
(b) $£ 790 \times 0.15=£ 118.50$ ..... M1, A1$790-118.50=£ 671.50$A1
(c) $\frac{3}{5} \times 7=\frac{21}{5}=4 \frac{1}{5}$M1, A1
5 cartons ..... A1 8
$1235 x+50 y$ ..... A1, A1 ..... 2
13 Correct graph ..... A3 3
(Allow A 1 for 1 point, A 2 for 2 points)
$14 x+3 x+97+79=360$ ..... MA1
$4 x+176=360$ ..... MA1
$4 x=184$ ..... MA1$x=46$A1 4
15 (a) $1 / 2 \times 8.5 \times 6.4=27.2$ ..... M1, A1
(b) $360^{\circ} \div 5=72^{\circ}$M1, A1 4
$16 \quad \pi \times 1.5^{2}=7.0685 \ldots$ M1, A1 ..... 2
17 (a) (i) A2 all bars drawn to the correct height (A1 if only 1 incorrect) ..... A3
A1 for appropriate scales on both axes.
(ii) $16-20$
(b) Suitable answer, e.g. Sample is made up of young people/teenagers.
Sample does not represent all age groups.
The pupils in her school may not come from her town.
A1 (QWC) 6
Correct response
A1

18 (a) $72=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
(b) $108=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$
LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3=216$
MA1
(c) $\mathrm{HCF}=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3=36$

M1, A1 6

19 Year $1=£ 1771.40$
MA1
Year $2=£ 1845.80$
MA1
Year $3=£ 1923.32$
MA1
(a) $8-12 x+3 x+12$ MA1
$-9 x+20$
MA1
(b) $x^{3}-6 x$
(c) $7 x+18=2 x-12$
$5 x=-30$ MA1
$x=-6$
MA1 7

21
(a) $\frac{360}{18}=20$ sides
(b) $80^{2}+x^{2}=100^{2}$
$x=60 \mathrm{~cm}$
Area of end $=80 \times 60 / 2$
$=2400 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
$\mathrm{Vol}=2400 \times 120=288,000$
(a) Midpoint values $1.5,4.5,7.5,10.5,13.5,17.5$
$f x$ values $3,22.5,82.5,126,202.5,87.5$
Sum of $f x$ values $=524$
$524 / 50=10.48$
(b) $9 \leq \mathrm{h} \leq 12$

A1 5
(a) See overlay 7 correct points
(Allow A1 for 5 correct points)
(b) Positive correlation
(c) Line of best fit
(d) To predict how many ice-creams would be sold at different temperatures

A1 5

Total Marks


Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

## Mathematics

Unit T3
Higher Tier
[CODE]
SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

(a) 3.68125
3.7
(b) $£ 790 \times 0.15=£ 118.50$
$790-118.50=£ 671.50$
(c) $\frac{3}{5} \times 7=\frac{21}{5}=4 \frac{1}{5}$

5 cartons
M1, A1
A1 7
$235 x+50 y$
A1, A1 2

3 Correct graph
A3 3
(A1 for 1 point correct, A 2 for 2 points)
$4 \quad x+3 x+97+79=360$
MA1
$4 x+176=360$
$4 x=184$
$x=46$
A1 4

5 (a) $\frac{1}{2} \times 8.5 \times 6.4=27.2$
M1, A1
(b) $360 \div 5=72$

6 Minimum $=3.205 \mathrm{~m}$
A1
Maximum $=3.215 \mathrm{~m}$
A1 2
$7 \quad$ (a) $\frac{45}{360} \times \pi \times 18$
7.07
$7.07+18=25.07$
(b) $\frac{45}{360} \times \pi \times 9^{2}$
$31.8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

8

| 1 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 2 | 6 | 7 |  |  |
| 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 5 |  |
| 4 | 4 | 6 |  |  |  |

Key $3 \mid 2$ means 32
correct stems

9 (a) All bars drawn to the correct height (A1 if only 1 incorrect)
Appropriate scales on both axes.
(b) $16-20$

A1 4

10 (a) $72=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
M1, A1
(b) $108=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$

M1, A1
LCM $=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3=216$
(c) $\mathrm{HCF}=2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3=36$ M1, A1 6

11 Year $1=£ 1771.40$
MA1
Year $2=£ 1845.80$
MA1
Year $3=£ 1923.32$
MA1 3

12 (a) $8-12 x+3 x+12$
$-9 x+20$
MA1
(b) $x^{3}-6 x$
(c) $7 x+18=2 x-12$
$5 x=-30$

$$
x=-6 \quad \text { MA1 }
$$

13 (a) $\frac{360}{18}=20$ sides
(b) $80^{2}+x^{2}=100^{2}$ MA1
$x=60 \mathrm{~cm}$ M1, A1

Area of end $=80 \times 60 / 2$ MA1

$$
=2400 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

14 (a) Midpoint values 1.5, 4.5, 7.5, 10.5, 13.5, 17.5
$f x$ values 3, 22.5, 82.5, 126, 202.5, 87.5
Sum of $f x$ values $=524$
$524 / 50=10.48$
(b) student $9 \leq \mathrm{h}<12$

15 (a) See overlay 7 correct points
(allow A1 for 5 correct points)
(b) The graph shows positive correlation

A2 (QWC)
(c) Line of best fit


16 (a) $12500-7600=4900$
$\frac{4900}{12500} \times 100=39.2 \%$
A1
(b) $3 \times 0.6$
$1.8 \times 0.6$
$1.08 \times 0.6$
$0.648 \times 0.6$
0.3888

M1
4 times
A1
(c) $65 \%=117$

MA1
Original price $=\frac{117}{65} \times 100=£ 180$ M1, A1 7
$17 \quad$ (a) (i) $\quad(x+4)(x-3)$
(ii) $x=-4, x=3$ (A1 both correct)
(b) $3(x+3)-4(2 x-1)=3$
$3 x+9-8 x+4=3$
$-5 x+13=3$
MA1
$-5 x=-10$
$x=2$
MA1
(QWC) (4)
(c) $6 y-15 x=54$
or $\quad 4 y-10 x=36$
$6 y+4 x=-22$
$15 y+10 x=-55$
M1, A1
$19 y=-19$
$y=-1$
MA1
$x=-4$
$-3+2 x=-11$
$x=-4$

18 (a) $\operatorname{Tan} 37^{\circ}=\frac{A B}{85}$
$\mathrm{AB}=85 \times \tan 37^{\circ}$
$\mathrm{AB}=64(052 .$.
(b) $\quad \frac{Q T}{5}=\frac{3.1}{7.5}$
$\mathrm{QT}=2.0666 \ldots$.
MA1
$\mathrm{QT}=2.07$

19 (a)

| Hours of <br> sleep (h) | $\mathrm{h} \leq 35$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 40$ | $\leq 45$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 50$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 55$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 60$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 65$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 0 | 7 | 17 | 33 | 102 | 166 | 195 | 200 |

Cumulative frequency values in table complete
All eight points plotted correctly
Points joined with a smooth curve
(b) (i) 55 hours
(ii) $58-52=6$ hours


Rewarding Learning

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011

## Mathematics

Unit T4

Higher Tier
[CODE]

SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

1
(a) $3 \times 0.6$
$1.8 \times 0.6$
$1.08 \times 0.6$
$0.648 \times 0.6$
0.3888

4 times
(b) $65 \%=117$

Original price $=\frac{117}{65} \times 100=£ 180$

$$
\mathrm{M} 1, \mathrm{~A} 1
$$

(a) (i) $(x+4)(x-3)$
(ii) $x=-4, x=3$
(b) $3(x+3)-4(2 x-1)=3$
$3 x+9-8 x+4=3$
$-5 x+13=3 \quad$ MA1
$-5 x=-10 \quad$ MA1
$x=2$
(c) $6 y-15 x=54$
or $\quad 4 y-10 x=36$
$6 y+4 x=-22$
$15 y+10 x=-55$
$-19 x=76$
$x=-4$
$19 y=-19$
$y=-1$
$2 y+20=18$
$-3+2 x=-11$
MA1
$x=-4$ MA1
(QWC) (5) 12
$3 \quad \operatorname{Tan} 37^{\circ}=\frac{A B}{8.5}$
$\mathrm{AB}=8.5 \times \operatorname{Tan} 37^{\circ}$
MA1
$\mathrm{AB}=6.4(052 \ldots)$
MA1
2
$4 \quad \frac{L M}{M P}=\frac{2.5}{6}$
MA1
Ratio is $5: 12$
A1
$\mathrm{LM}=5 / 17$ of $10.2=3 \mathrm{~cm}$ A1
$\mathrm{MP}=12 / 17$ of $10.2=7.2 \mathrm{~cm}$
A1 4
$5 \quad \angle \mathrm{BCD}=x \Rightarrow$ obtuse angle $\mathrm{BOD}=2 x$
MA1
$\angle \mathrm{BAD}=y \Rightarrow$ reflex angle $\mathrm{BOD}=2 y$
MA1
$2 x+2 y=360^{\circ} \Rightarrow x+y=180^{\circ}$

6 (a)

| Hours of <br> sleep (h) | $\mathrm{h} \leq 35$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 40$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 45$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 50$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 55$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 60$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 65$ | $\mathrm{~h} \leq 70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 0 | 7 | 17 | 33 | 102 | 166 | 195 | 200 |


| Cumulative frequency values in table complete | MA1 |
| :--- | ---: |
| All eight points plotted correctly | A2 |
| 5,6 or 7 points correctly plotted | (A1) |
| Points joined with a smooth curve | A1 |

(b) (i) 55 hours A1
(ii) $58-52=6$ hours

MA2
(c) On average they both get same amount of sleep but the amount of sleep is

A1 8 more variable for people aged over 55 .

(a) River B. Their median is bigger then median for River A.
(b) River A. Their interquartile range is bigger.

8
(a) $512 \times \frac{1}{9}=56 \frac{8}{9}$

MA1, A1
(b) $\frac{\frac{1}{27}}{1 \times 2}=\frac{1}{54}$
(c) $\frac{1}{216^{2 / 3}}=\frac{1}{6^{2}}=\frac{1}{36}$

MA1, A1 7

9
(a) $\begin{aligned} & 6 x^{2}-4 x y+3 x y-2 y^{2} \\ & 6 x^{2}-x y-2 y^{2}\end{aligned}$

MA2
A1
(b) $\frac{(x+3)(x-3)}{(2 x-1)(x+3)}$

$$
\frac{x-3}{2 x-1}
$$

A1 6
$10 \quad$ Gradient $=-1 / 4$
$y=-\frac{1}{4} x-1$
MA1
$4 y=-x-4$
$x+4 y+4=0 \Rightarrow a=1, b=4, c=4$

11
(a) $3 x(2 x-5)+2 x(x+1)=35$
$6 x^{2}-15 x+2 x^{2}+2 x=35$

$$
8 x^{2}-13 x-35=0
$$

MA1
(b) $x=\frac{13 \pm \sqrt{169+1120}}{16}=\frac{13 \pm \sqrt{1289}}{16}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=\frac{13 \pm 35.902646 \ldots}{16} \\
& x=\frac{48.902646}{16} \\
& x=3.0564 \approx 3.06
\end{aligned}
$$

12 (a) $\mathrm{BC}^{2}=70^{2}+90^{2}-2 \times 70 \times 90 \times \cos 60^{\circ}$
$\mathrm{BC}^{2}=6700$
$B C=81.85 \ldots . m$
(b) $\frac{1}{2} \times 90 \times 70 \times \sin 60^{\circ}$
$=2727.98 \ldots \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Units A1
5

13 (a) $\mathrm{AG}=\sqrt{4.3^{2}+6.7^{2}+8.5^{2}}$

M1
$A G=\sqrt{135.63}$
$\mathrm{AG}=11.646 \ldots \mathrm{~m}$
(b) Angle identified
$\sin \angle \mathrm{AGE}=\frac{4.3}{11.646 \ldots}=0.3692 \ldots$
$\angle \mathrm{AGE}=21.6678 \approx 21.7^{\circ}$

14 A. $x^{2}=10$
B. $x^{2}=3$
C. $x^{3}=27$

C because solution is $x=3$

15 (a) $2 \mathrm{a}\left(6 x^{2}+7 x y-3 y^{2}\right) \quad$ MA1
(b) $x^{2}-14 x+\mathrm{p} \equiv x^{2}+2 q x+q^{2}$
$\begin{array}{lr}2 q=-14 & \text { MA1 } \\ q=-7 & \text { A1 } \\ \mathrm{p}=q^{2} & \\ \mathrm{p}=49 & \mathrm{~A} 1\end{array}$
$162 x(x+1)-4(x-2)=5(x-2)(x+1)$
$2 x^{2}+2 x-4 x+8=5 x^{2}-5 x-10$
$0=3 x^{2}-3 x-18$
M1, A1
MA1
$0=x^{2}-x-6$
MA1
$0=(x-3)(x+2)$
MA1 A1
$x=3, x=-2$

17 (a) $\frac{\sin T}{50}=\frac{\sin 23^{\circ}}{20}$
$\sin \mathrm{T}=0.9768 \ldots$
$\mathrm{T}=77.64$
$77.64-27=50.64$
$051^{\circ}$
(b) $\angle \mathrm{S}=79.36^{\circ}$
$\frac{P T}{\sin 79.36^{\circ}}=\frac{20}{\sin 23^{\circ}}$
$\mathrm{PT}=\frac{20 \times \sin 79.36^{\circ}}{\sin 23^{\circ}}$
$\mathrm{PT}=50.3 \ldots \mathrm{~km}$
A1 4

18 (a) $0.6,0.8,1.8,3.7,1.2$
A1
Rectangles drawn at correct heights
A1
Rectangle drawn for correct intervals A1
(b) $\frac{12}{20} \times 24$

MA1
$=14.4 \approx 14 \mathrm{cars}$
(c) $\frac{11}{37} \times 10=\frac{110}{37}=2.97$

MA1
Median $=72.97 \mathrm{mph}$

19 (a) It does not guarantee that there will be a mixture of different year groups.
(b) $\frac{422}{800} \times 50$
$=26.375 \approx 26$ boys
(c) $\frac{88}{378} \times 24$
$=5.587 \approx 6$ year 8 girls
MA1
A1
(d) Year 8 boys $=\frac{110}{422} \times 26=6.7777 \approx 7$

Year 12 girls $=\frac{55}{378} \times 24=3.492 \approx 3$
So the editor is incorrect.

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General Certificate of Secondary Education 2012

## Mathematics

Unit T5 Paper 1<br>Foundation Tier

[CODE]

## SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

(a) (i) 5390
(ii) 5400

A1
(b) (i) $100 \times 7$
(ii) $800 \div 4$

2 Correct reflection
$3 \quad \underset{7}{30} \div 4=7.5$
MA1
A1 2

4 Correct lines
A2 2
$5 \quad$ (a) 32
MA1
(b) 15

MA1 2
$6 \quad 2 \times 11+3 \times 5$
$22+15$
A1
37

7
(a) $\frac{2}{11}$

A1
(b) $\frac{6}{11}$
(c) $1-\frac{5}{11}$
$\frac{6}{11}$
A1 4

8 A square has four sides, all of equal length
It has four angles, all of size $90^{\circ}$
It has four lines of symmetry
It has order of rotation four
Diagonals are equal in length
Diagonals meet at right angles
Or other correct response.
6 marks for 4 correct responses making correct use of mathematical terms, correct spelling. 5 marks for 4 correct responses with limited use of mathematical terms.
4 marks for 3 correct responses with very good use of mathematical terms.
3 marks for 3 correct responses with limited use of mathematical terms.
2 marks for 2 correct responses.
1 mark for 1 correct response.
(QWC) (6) 6

9 (a) $3: 4=12: 16 \quad$ M1
16 A1
(b) $28-2=26 \quad$ MA1
$\frac{10}{26}$ or $\frac{5}{13}$
MA1 4

10 (a) 0.85 MA1
(b) $\frac{2+1}{2+1+13+12}$ MA1
$\frac{3}{28}$ A1
(c) Survey (a), uses a bigger sample A1

A2 (QWC) 6
11 (a) $\frac{1}{4}$ or 0.25MA1
(b) -3 ..... A1
(c) e.g. $6-3=3$ ..... A2
(d) $7,-7$ ..... A1
(e) 0.5757.. ..... A1 6
(must show dots to gain mark)
12 (a) Correct size ..... A1
Correct position ..... A1
(b) 7 left ..... A1
3 down ..... A1
(c) Rotation, $90^{\circ}$ clockwise, centre (1.0)A1, A1,A1 7
Total Marks ..... 50

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2012

## Mathematics

Unit T5 Paper 2
Foundation Tier
[CODE]
SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

$2 \quad 24 \times 5.6=134.4$
(a) $18 \times 3+25$ 79
(b) $165-25=140$ MA1
$140 \div 20$
7
(c) 25

A1 6
$4 \quad$ (a) 8
A1
(b) 5

A1
(c) 4

A1 3
5
(a) All points correct
(award [1] for at least 5 points correct) line drawn
(b) 7-7.5
(c) 90

6 (a) No.
1 litre $\approx 1.75$ pints. Therefore 2 litres $\approx 3 \frac{1}{2}$ pints. She would need another $1 / 2$ pint.
Or other appropriate response. M1
(b) $1 \mathrm{~kg} \approx 2.2 \mathrm{lbs} \quad$ A1
8.8 or 9 A1
(c) 5 miles $=8 \mathrm{~km}$ (or equivalent) $\quad \mathrm{A} 1$

32 A1
(d) 1 hour 55 mins MA2

7 (a) B A1
(b) C A1
(c) G

8 (a) Ben
(b) $\frac{4}{8} \times 400 \quad$ MA1

200
A1 3
$9 \quad$ (a) $14.50 \div 1.12$
M1
12.95

A1
(b) $\begin{array}{lr}\frac{6}{100} \times 3500 & \text { MA1 } \\ 210 \times 3 & \text { MA1 } \\ 630 & \text { A1 }\end{array}$
(c) $\frac{1}{2}(85+112) 29 \quad$ MA1
2856.5 A1

2900 or $2860 \quad$ (accuracy) A1 8

10 (a) 46
(b) $\frac{5 \times 12}{2}=30$

$$
\begin{array}{lr}
5 \times 8=40 & \text { M1, A1 } \\
30+40=70 & \text { MA1 }
\end{array}
$$

11 (a) $a^{7}$
(b) $\frac{1}{b^{3}}$ or $b^{-3}$
$12-5<3 n \leq 9$
$-\frac{5}{3}<n \leq 3$
MA1
$-1,0,1,2,3$
MA1 3

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## Mathematics

Unit T6 Paper 1

Higher Tier
[CODE]

SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

$1 \quad 3: 4=12: 16$
$2 \quad \frac{1}{4}+\frac{2}{5}+\frac{3}{10}=\frac{5}{20}+\frac{8}{20}+\frac{6}{20}=\frac{19}{20}$
$\frac{1}{20}$
A1 2
$3 \quad 1 \frac{1}{2} \leq n<20$ $n=-1,0,1,2,3,4 \quad$ MA3


A1 4
$4 \quad$ (a) $(400-32) \times \frac{5}{9}$
204.44 A1

204
A1
(b) $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{R} & =10-\mathrm{T}+14 \\ \mathrm{R} & =24-\mathrm{T}\end{aligned}$

MA1 MA1 5

5 (a) $\frac{2+1}{2+1+13+12}$ $\frac{3}{28}$
(b) Survey 2, because it uses a bigger sample. A1, A1 4
(a) Correct size
Correct position
(b) Rotation, $90^{\circ}$ clockwise, centre (1.0)

7 (a) $a^{-3}$ or $\frac{1}{a^{3}}$
(b) $b^{12}$

8
(a) 59400
(b) 45000
$9 \quad 8 x+4 y=16 y$
$12 y=8 x$
MA1
$y=\frac{2 x}{3}$

10 C
A
A1 2

11 (a) Correct size A1
Correct position
A1
(b) $1: 8$ A1 480 A1 4

12 (a) All probabilities correct A2 (at least 3 probabilities correct A1)
(b) $(0.3 \times 0.3)+(0.3 \times 0.7)+(0.7 \times 0.3)$ MA1
$0.09+0.21+0.21$ MA1
0.51
13 (a) Let $x=0.2727272727 \ldots$

$$
100 x=27.272727 \ldots
$$MA1

So $\quad 99 x=27$
$x=\frac{27}{99}$ or $\frac{3}{11}$
(b) $(\sqrt[3]{64})^{2}=4^{2}=16$
MA1, A1 4
$1425-10 \sqrt{3}+3=28-10 \sqrt{3}$
MA1, MA1 2
$15 y=2 x+3$ drawn MA1
3 solutions MA2
( 2 solutions MA1)

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## Mathematics

## Unit T6 Paper 2

Higher Tier
[CODE]
SPECIMEN

## MARK SCHEME

$1 \quad \frac{105}{250} \times 100$

2 (a) $10 y-15$
(b) $x(x+3)$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (c) } 5 n+8 n \\ 13 n & \text { MA1 }\end{array}$ MA1 4

3 (a) $8+13+12+8+5$
MA1
46
A1
(b) $\frac{5 \times 12}{2}=30$
M1, A1
$5 \times 8=40$
$30+40=70$
MA1 5

4 (a) $84+27.8 n \leq 300$

$$
\mathrm{M} 1, \mathrm{~A} 1
$$

(b) $27.8 n \leq 216$

A1
$n \leq 7.76$ A1
7 football tops
MA1 5
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { (a) } \begin{array}{l}70 \times \pi=219.9 \\ 219.9+200=419.9\end{array} & \text { M1, A1 } \\ & & \text { MA1 } \\ & \text { (b) } 35^{2} \times \pi=3848.45 \\ 3848.45+7000=10848.45 & \text { MA1 } \\ & & \text { MA1 } \\ & & \text { A1 } \\ & & \\ 6 & \text { Circle centre A radius } 4 \mathrm{~cm} & \text { MA1 } \\ & \text { Bisector of AB } \\ \text { Correct region shaded } & \text { MA1 }\end{array}$
$7 \quad$ (a) $3.62 \times 10^{8}$

## MA1

(b) $\mathrm{A}=4 \times \pi \times\left(6.28 \times 10^{3}\right)^{2}$ $\mathrm{A}=1.58 \pi \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~km}^{2}$
(c) $\frac{3.62 \times 10^{8} \times 100}{1.58 \pi \times 10^{8}}=72.9 \%$
$8 \mathrm{H}=\frac{G+b}{a}$
$a=v \mathrm{H}+v$
$a=\frac{v(G+b)}{a}+v$
$a^{2}=v(G+b)+a v$
$a^{2}=v(G+b+a)$
$v=\frac{a^{2}}{G+b+a}$

9 (a) $\left(\frac{6}{25} \times \frac{5}{24}\right)+\left(\frac{7}{25} \times \frac{6}{24}\right)+\left(\frac{12}{25} \times \frac{11}{24}\right)$

$$
\frac{5}{100}+\frac{7}{100}+\frac{22}{100}
$$

$$
\frac{34}{100}=0.34
$$

(b) No, because having shoe size 7 and wearing glasses are not mutually exclusive, so the addition of probabilities does not apply.

2 marks for concise explanation with explicit reference to mutually exclusive events

1 mark for reasonable explanation without reference to mutually exclusive events

10 Rosalyn's data capture form has the following issues:

- She does not ask whether the patrons are male or female.
- She should have included a closed question asking if they are male or female.
- The options she gives for age do not include the age bracket previously mentioned in the hypothesis.
- The options she gives for age are not discrete, they include an overlap of age at 25 and 35 , and she stops at 45 .
- She should have included discrete options for age i.e. under 20, $20-29,30-$ $39,40-49,50-59$, over 60 .
- She gives a limited number of options for why the patrons use the leisure centre. She should have asked as an open question to allow a wide range of responses.
- The question on why patrons use the leisure centre is not essential in relation to the hypothesis.
- She could also have included a closed question for how often the patron's use the leisure centre to help collate the data better.

| 6 marks | 4 or more satisfactory reasons expressed using concise <br> mathematical terms |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 marks | 4 reasons expressed in good mathematical language |
| 4 marks | 3 issues expressed well |
| 3 marks | 2 issues expressed well |
| 2 marks | 1 reason expressed well |
| 1 mark | 1 reason expressed in poor mathematical language |

$11 \frac{2 h}{x}=\frac{3 h}{r}$
$x=\frac{2}{3} r$
$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2}(3 \mathrm{~h})-\frac{1}{3} \pi\left(\frac{2}{3} r\right)^{2}(2 \mathrm{~h})$

COUNCIL FOR THE CURRICULUM EXAMINATIONS AND ASSESSMENT 29 Clarendon Road, Clarendon Dock, Belfast BT1 3BG (0) +44 (0)2890261200 量 + 44 (0)2890261234 +44 (0)2890242063 info@ccea.org.uk www.ccea.org.uk

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[^0]:    Total Marks

